2021 PRE- test

High School

Station Rotation

| Name (optional) | | Today's Date |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|
| School | | Grade |
| Class | | |
| | | |
| Please list 3 words that o | come in your mind when you hear the phrase | e "Ohio River". |
| | | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |

- 1. Ohio River is more polluted now than it was 50 years ago.
- a) True
- b) False
- 2. What is a watershed?
- a) A large tower where drinking water is stored.
- b) The amount of water in a lake.
- c) The total area of land that drains into a river, lake, stream, or other water body.
- d) The amount of rain that falls on a piece of land each year.
- 3. What is the definition **non-point source** pollution?
- a) Pollution that is harmless.
- b) Pollution that cannot be tracked to a specific source or location.
- c) Pollution coming out of a factory pipe.
- d) None of the above categories are correct.
- 4. When rain washes motor oil on a street into a storm drain, where will it most likely end up?
- a) At a sewage treatment plant.
- b) In a nearby river, lake, or stream.
- c) At a motor oil recycling facility.
- d) The oil will not end up at a), b), or c).
- 5. What is the single greatest pollutant in the Ohio River?
- a) Sediment (dirt!)
- b) Oil
- c) Litter
- d) Sewage
- 6. Which of the following activities can make our streams, lakes and rivers cleaner?
- a) Planting trees.
- b) Picking up trash in your neighborhood.
- c) Spraying fertilizer on your lawn right before it rains.
- d) Options a) and b) can make our streams, lakes and rivers cleaner.



River REACH Program

"Rate Your River"

- 7. Which of the following water quality conditions could harm or kill fish?
- a) A neutral pH.
- b) A dissolved oxygen concentration that is less than 2.
- c) A water temperature of more than 77° F (25° Celsius).
- d) Options b) and c) could harm or kill fish.

8. What is the definition of turbidity?

- a) How fast water flows.
- b) The measurement of how cloudy or clear a water sample is.
- c) How hot or cold the water is.
- d) The volume of the water in a sample bottle.

9. Select the best definition of aquatic macroinvertebrate from the options below.

- a) A tiny organism that uses webs to catch prey.
- b) An organism that lives on land and has a backbone.
- c) A bird that eats tiny organisms that live in the water.
- d) An organism that lives in the water, does not have a backbone, and can be seen without a microscope.
- 10. <u>In a stream you find many different types of macroinvertebrates that are considered **sensitive** to pollution. What does this tell you about the stream?</u>
- a) The water quality is probably good.
- b) The water quality is probably poor.
- c) The water may be polluted with human sewage and motor oil.
- d) Options b) and c) may both be true.

11. Which of the following metric indicates healthy water?

- a) A high number of non-native species.
- b) A low number of DELTS (Deformities, Erosions, Lesions & Tumors).
- c) The absence of Piscivores.
- d) The lack of species diversity.
- 12. <u>Algal blooms can kill fish and other aquatic organisms. What pollutants are most likely to cause blooms when</u> washed into our waterways?
- a. Fertilizers from lawns and farms.
- b. Animal waste such as cow manure or dog poop.
- c. Old tires dumped into the river.
- d. Options a) and b) could contribute to blooms.

13. Which of the following is **NOT** true of the Ohio River?

- a) The Ohio River is 981 miles long.
- b) The Ohio River is formed by the confluence of the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers at Pittsburg, PA.
- c) Only 13 species of fish exist in the Ohio River.
- d) The Ohio River flows through six states.

